Edge Triggered Amplified Bleeder

Description

- Bleeder circuit for a TRIAC dimmer with an edge detection circuit and variable current source
- Edge detection circuit includes a high pass filter (HPF) to detect the high frequency transition in the input voltage V_{IN} when the TRIAC fires
- The HPF triggers the variable current circuit (Darlington pair Q1, Q2) to provide the bleeder current I_R

Benefits

- Bleeder current I_B maintains the input current I_{IN} above the TRIAC holding current
- No efficiency loss due to the bleeder since bleeder current I_B is only provided when the TRIAC is conducting
- ▶ Could be used with: Lighting drivers

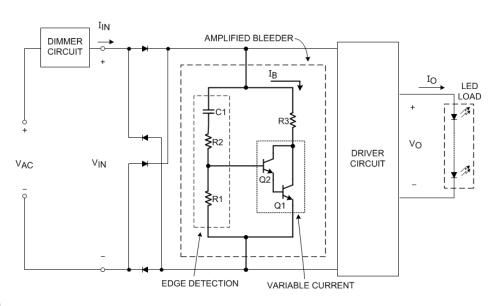


Figure 1. Example amplified bleeder in a lighting system

